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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ADVANCED MEDICINE, INC. [US/US]; 280 Utah Avenue, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
 (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): GRIFFIN, John, H. [US/US]; 56 Walnut Avenue, Atherton, CA 94027 (US). JUDICE, J., Kevin [US/US]; 146 1st Street, Montara, CA 94037 (US).
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- (54) Title: NOVEL THERAPEUTIC AGENTS THAT MODULATE ENZYMATIC PROCESSES
- (57) Abstract

Novel multi-binding compounds are disclosed that modulate enzymatic processes. The compounds of the invention comprise from 2-10 ligands covalently connected, each of said ligands being capable of binding to an enzyme, enzyme substrate or enzyme cofactor thereby modulating the biological processes/functions thereof.

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NOVEL THERAPEUTIC AGENTS THAT MODULATE ENZYMATIC PROCESSES
NOUVEAUX AGENTS THERAPEUTIQUES MODULANT LES PROCESSUS ENZYMATIQUES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
   ADVANCED MEDICINE INC,
   GRIFFIN John H,
   JUDICE J Kevin,
Inventor(s):
   GRIFFIN John H,
   JUDICE J Kevin,
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English Abstract

Novel multi-binding compounds are disclosed that modulate enzymatic processes. The compounds of the invention comprise from 2-10 ligands covalently connected, each of said ligands being capable of binding to an enzyme, enzyme substrate or enzyme cofactor thereby modulating the biological processes/functions thereof.

French Abstract

L'invention porte sur de nouveaux composes multi-liants modulant les processus enzymatiques. Lesdits composes comportent de 2-10 ligands unis par covalence dont chacun peut se fixer a une enzyme, a un substrat d'enzyme ou a un cofacteur d'enzyme et modifier par la leurs processus et fonctions biologiques.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

Detailed Description

... effects.

Other examples of diseases in which enzymes are involved include infectious diseases caused by **bacteria**, protozoa or fungi, viral diseases such as AIDS (e.g., reverse transcriptase or protease enzymes... rasagiline, 1370U, L-650477, indeloxazine,

Alzheimer's disease moclobemide, brofaromine, EXP-631

Neurodegenerative disease

Dementia

Dihydrofolate reductase Cancer Methotrexate., edattexate. piritrexim,
LY LY-316373, (1 1.3) Psoriasis 1954U89, E-34335, AG...tumor

Uterine cervix tumor

Bladder tumor

Urinary tract tumor

Renal tumor

17

Ribosomal protein biosynthesis **Bacterial** infection Chloramphenicol, erythromicin, clarithromycin, azithromycin, (50S ribosomal subunit) Pneurnocystis carinii infection dirithromycin, flurithromycin clindamycin, lincomycin **bacteria**] Tetracycline, chlortetracycline, oxytetracycline, demeclocycline, (Aminoacyl tRNA site on 30S

:..CL-331928, CL-344667, CL-329998, PAM-MINQ $(2\ 2.12)$ Ribosomal protein biosynthesis Anti-bacterial Streptomycin, gentamicin, tobramycin, amikacin, netilimicin, (30S subunit) kanamycin, neomycin, spectinomycin, dactimicin, paromomycin, (2 2.12) trospectornycin Ribosomal protein biosynthesis Anti- bacterial Fusidic acid, purpuromycin (soluble protein factors) $(2\ 2.12)$ Glucan synthase Fungal infection LY-303366... ...H) -one, COP-5241 1. RG-8803, BP SU-6668 Beta subunit of DNA-dependant Bacterial infection Rifampin. rifabutin, rifalazil, T9, SPA-S-565 RNA polymerase (27.6)DNA polymerase...A-502 I 1. SPV-30, VF-1 618, TNK-651 D,D-transpeptidases Bacterial infection Beta-lactams (PBP 2a.- 2b) Penicillin G, penicillin V, methicillin. nakillin. oxacillin. cloxacillin, dicloxacillin... ...meziocillin, piperacillin, (PBP la) cephalothin, cefazolin, cephalexin. cefadroxil, cefamandole, cefoxitin, cefaclor, cefuroxime, loracarbefcefonicid, D,D- Carboxypeptidase cefotetan, ceforanide. cefotaxime. cefpodoximc proxetil, (PBP 3-7) ceftizoxime, ceftriaxone, ccfopcrazone, ceftazidime, cefepime, (3 16...CH-263, marimastat analogs (3 24) Inflammatory bowel disease Rheumatoid arthritis Ulcerative colitis Beta-Lactamase Bacterial infections Clavulanic acid, sulbactam. tazobactam. Ro 0480, HM-3030, (3 2.6) GD40, Ro48-8724... ...186195, DWC-751,2085-P, CP 72436, BK-218, BRL42715, SB-223328, Ro 1317 Undecaprenyidiphosphatase Bacterial infections Bacitracin (3 1.27)H+/K+ ATPase Peptic ulcer Omeprazole, leminoprazole, rabeprazole, egualen, SKF... ...34655, Ro 5364, T-776, nicotinamide Gastrointestinal disease derivatives, pantoprazole, lansoprazole, SKF-96067, SPI-1447, Bacterial infection AD-9161, YJA-20379, A-28200, SKF-96356, YM-020, Fungal infection bafilornycin A derivatives, atractylon, saviprazole, OPC-22575 Parasite infection Isomerase Enzymes DNA gyrase Bacterial infections Nalidixic acid. norfloxacin, ofloxacin, ciprofloxacin, cinoxacin, (5 1.3) - Fungal infections sparfloxacin, lomefloxacin, fleroxacin...NSAIDs) including aspirin, indomethacin, ibuprofen, and naproxen. A fourth example of an oxidoreductase enzyme is reductase (DHFR), which catalyzes the conversion of dihydrofolate dihydrofolate polyglutamate to tetrahydrofolate polyglutamate ...is selectively inhibited by the antibacterial agent rifampin. In a third example, protein biosynthesis in bacterial cells is selectively inhibited by a variety of antibiotics (including gentamicin and other aminoglycosides, tetracycline...

methacycline, doxycycline, minocycline, CL-331002, ribosomal...

- ...transglycosylase responsible for the glycosyl transferase reaction which incorporates lipid intermediate 11 into the growing **bacterial** cell wall. Vancomycin acts via a substrate sequestration mechanism; i.e., it binds to and...
- ...the action of a series of penicillin binding proteins (PBPs), most notably multiftmctional, membrane-bound transpeptidase enzymes that are responsible for cross-linking of the bacterial cell wall.
 - 3. Hydrolase enzymes mediate particular subsets of transfer reactions in which moieties are...
- ...which is then available for reuse as the lipid carrier for intermediates 27
 - involved in **bacterial** cell wall biosynthesis. The topical antibacterial agent bacitracin inhibits the diphosphatase process by sequestering the ...dazoxiben and pirmagrel. A third example of an isomerase is alanine racernase, a soluble, monomeric **bacterial** enzyme that produces D-alanine for incorporation into the cell wall. A fourth example of...
- ...agents, in particular the quinolones, which inhibit the alpha2beta2 tetrameric topoisomerase II (DNA gyrase) in, **bacterial** cells, and also etoposide, and teniposide, which inhibit the mammalian topoisomerase 11 enzyme.
 - 6. Ligase...
- ...mediates the ATP-dependent condensation of two D-alanine subunits as an early step in **bacterial** cell wall biosynthesis.

Nearly all known enzymes are proteins. As is true for all proteins... disease states include, but are not limited to, treatment of a mammal afflicted with pathogenic **bacteria**, in particular staphylococci (methicillin sensitive and ...to inhibit gastric acid secretion as described in U.S.

Patent 4,255,43 1.

Dihydrofolate reductase

Anti-leukemia activity is monitored using L 1 21 0 leukemia according to the method...and Carboxyl Groups
Bacitracin is an antibacterial antibiotic that inhibits an enzymatic process involved in **bacterial** cell wall biosynthesis. Bacitracin is a widely utilized animal growth promoter and an important component...

...antibacterial ointments. Bacitracin is effective against a subset of both Gram-positive and Gram-negative **bacteria** in vitro, and it has recently shown promising activity against vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecium in...isocarboxazid tranvicypromine. selegifine (1 3.6) Depression

Dihydrofolate redUCt2se Anti-parasite Chloroguanide. pyrimeLhamme (microbial) Anti- bacterial Trimethoprim (1 1.3)

DihydrofOl2te reductase Monomer Anti-cancer lvlethotrexate (1 1.3) Psoriasis

Trypanathione **Dihydrofolate** reductase In vitro Synthetic analogues of trimethoprim were tested

%4 inhibitory effects on protozoan and mammalian

iW dihydrofolate reductase using standard analytica
methods

Fn

CT

6-Phosphogluconate In vitro Inhibitors of enzyme activity tested...that bind

M 80

tD (PBP 1-6) PBPs and block cell wall synthesis by bacteria , were studied

```
Transglycosylase In vitro The inhibition of cell wass synthesis was
  studiec...
...of dihydropteroate synthase by
  sulfanilanifides with 3',5'-halogen substitutions
  Fn evaluated
  D,D- carboxypeptidase in vitro Inhibition of enzyme, expressed by
  Ochrobactru
  (PBP 3-7) anthropi studied
  Table 2...racemase In vitro Inactivators of alanine racemase were
  evaluated
  cultures of Gram positive and negative bacteria
  C
  W
  U)
  I Prostacyclin synthase In vitro The effect of enzyme inhibition on...
...effects of inhibitors of cylcas
  were tested
  DNA gyrases In vitro Effect of inhibitors, of bacterial gyrases, was
  studied in vitro using time-kill assays 39(12):282
 Topoisomerase 11 In...
Claim
... the enzyme is acrosin, the figand cannot be a benzamidine;
 glycopeptide; when the enzyme is bacterial DNA gyrase, the figand
  cannot be a quinolone;
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when the enzyme is a bacterial transglycosylase, the figand cannot be a when the enzyme is thrombin, the ligand...claim 12, wherein the method is chosen from treatment of a mammal afflicted with pathogenic bacteria , psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, insulindependent diabetes, breast cancer and prostate cancer, disease states related...